



SPECIAL EFFECTS

These two short machine language routines will let you reverse the colors in a Hi-Res picture or flip it to get a mirror image. An Apple-soft demonstration program shows you how it's done.

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Recent advertisements for special effects graphics packages have inspired me to write two assembly language programs that you may wish to add to your Hi-Res utility program collection.

The first program, POS.NEG, performs a color reversal on the entire page 1 Hi-Res screen (\$2000-3FFF). In the case of black and white images, the black areas change to white and the white areas change to black, effectively producing a negative image from a positive image or vice versa. In the case of color pictures, the complement of the existing color is produced; which is, to say the least, a picture of a different color.

The second program, MIRROR.IMAGE, transforms the page 1 Hi-Res screen into its mirror image counterpart. If you look at the reflection of your page 1 picture in a mirror, that is how it will appear after executing this program. The bit manipulations occurring within MIRROR.IMAGE also produce some interesting color changes in the transformed picture, because of the way color is mapped onto the Hi-Res screen. The color effects produced by MIRROR.IMAGE will not be quite as noticeable if you are using a black and white display screen.

A third program, SPECIAL.EFFECTS, demonstrates the use of these routines from within a BASIC program. SPECIAL.EFFECTS also allows you to observe the Hi-Res images as they change, if you enter your menu selections while looking at the Hi-Res page 1 image.

Entering the Programs

If you don't have an assembler you will have to enter the Monitor and type in the hex codes directly. (For further information, see the "Welcome to New Nibble Readers" at the beginning of this issue.) The POS.NEG program (Listing 1) is so short that this may be the preferred method even if you have an

assembler. MIRROR.IMAGE (Listing 2) is somewhat longer, however, so take care when typing it in.

To save the programs, use the following commands:

BSAVE POS.NEG,A\$610E,L\$4C

BSAVE MIRROR.IMAGE,A\$6000,L\$10E

POS.NEG is a relocatable program and will therefore execute properly at other locations in memory without modification. MIRROR.IMAGE is nonrelocatable because of two JSR FLIP commands. If you decide to relocate MIRROR.IMAGE, the address of the FLIP subroutine will change (\$60A6 in Listing 2). It is a simple exercise to locate the new ad-

dress of the FLIP subroutine and alter the two JSR FLIP commands to reflect this change.

Using the Programs

POS.NEG and MIRROR.IMAGE may be called from a BASIC program, directly from the Monitor, or from within an assembly language program.

It is assumed that you have drawn or have otherwise placed a Hi-Res image on page 1 of the Hi-Res screen. Many Hi-Res arcade-type games leave pictures in this area of memory, which you can use if you can exit or otherwise break out of the game without having to turn the power off. (Pressing the <RESET> key is one possibility.) You may then be able to save the picture remaining with:

BSAVE PICTURE,A\$2000,L\$1FFF8

Running From the Monitor:

CALL -151 <RETURN >

**BLOAD PICTURE,A\$2000
<RETURN >**

**BLOAD MIRROR.IMAGE
,A\$6000 <RETURN >**

**BLOAD POS.NEG,A\$610E
<RETURN >**

CO57 <RETURN >

CO52 <RETURN >

CO54 <RETURN >

CO50 <RETURN >

610EG <RETURN >

610EG <RETURN >

6000G <RETURN >

6000G <RETURN >

CO51 <RETURN >

3DOG <RETURN >

Enter the Monitor.

Omit this step if your picture is already in memory.

Hi-Res graphics switch.

Full page switch.

Page 1 switch.

Display graphics switch. You should now be looking at your picture. From now on you won't be able to see what you type...so type carefully.

Run POS.NEG.

Run it again.

Run MIRROR.IMAGE.

Run it again.

Text switch...return to text mode.

Exit the Monitor.

Running From BASIC:

Type in and save the BASIC program SPECIAL.EFFECTS (Listing 3) on the same disk that you saved the machine language routines. SPECIAL.EFFECTS assumes that you have BSAVED these routines at the specified addresses, and with the same names as previously given. SPECIAL.EFFECTS gives you the option of loading a picture which you have previously saved to disk by selecting option 1 in response to the prompt. Menu selections may be entered while in graphics or text mode.

The Hi-Res Screen

The Hi-Res page 1 screen is really composed of 64 consecutive sequences of 128 bytes each. The eight bytes at the end of each sequence are unused, leaving the 120 bytes that are displayed on the screen. However, the 120 bytes are further subdivided into consecutive groups of 40 bytes, with each group of 40 bytes forming one screen line. There are therefore three screen lines within each 128-byte sequence.

Program Logic

The POS.NEG program simply complements (EOR #57F) the 120 bytes beginning at \$2000. It then adds eight bytes to the calculated screen address, in order to pass by the eight unused bytes at the end of each group of 120 bytes. This process is repeated until the end condition is detected (screen address = \$3FF8).

The MIRROR.IMAGE logic is relatively complex. MIRROR.IMAGE uses BASEL and BASEH to hold the beginning address of each screen line as it processes each 128-byte sequence. The routine CALC uses BASEL and BASEH to calculate the start and end of each screen line (STARTL-STARTR and ENDL-ENDH).

The screen line is then processed by the routine labelled SWITCH. The SWITCH routine exchanges the first byte with the last byte, the second byte with the second to last byte, etc., until the middle two bytes have been exchanged.

The variable CNT1 signals when the exchanges have been completed. However, dur-

ing the exchange process, the FLIP subroutine is called. This subroutine flips each byte 180 degrees (for example, 00010101 becomes 10101000) in order to preserve the sequencing of bits between adjoining bytes. The FLIP subroutine also shifts each byte right one bit, in order to prevent the plotting of nonplotting color bits. The variable CNT2 signals when three screen lines have been processed, so that the base address (BASEL-BASEH) can be adjusted to pass by the eight unused bytes.

If you change the LSR A instruction in the FLIP subroutine of MIRROR.IMAGE to ROR A, you will obtain a different set of color changes in the transformed picture. If you do not have an assembler, this change can be made from the Monitor by changing 610C:4A to 610C:6A.

In Conclusion

I hope that you will have as much fun as I have had experimenting with these routines on various screen images.

LISTING 1: POS.NEG

SOURCE FILE: POS.NEG.TEXT

```
0000 1 *****
0000 2 *
0000 3 *          POS.NEG          *
0000 4 *
0000 5 *  BY ROD MACKENZIE      *
0000 6 *  COPYRIGHT (C) 1984  *
0000 7 *  MICROSPARC, INC     *
0000 8 *  LINCOLN, MA 01773  *
0000 9 *
0000 10 *  ASSEMBLER: DOS TOOL KIT *
0000 11 *
0000 12 *  THIS PROGRAM COMPLEMENTS *
0000 13 *  HI-RES PAGE 1 SCREEN BYTES *
0000 14 *  PRODUCING NEGATIVE IMAGES *
0000 15 *  FROM POSITIVE ONES AND *
0000 16 *  VICE VERSA.      *
0000 17 *
0000 18 *****
----- NEXT OBJECT FILE NAME IS POS.NEG
610E 19          ORG $610E
610E 20
610E 21
0000 22 ADDRL EQU $00
0001 23 ADDRH EQU $01
0002 24 CNT EQU $02
610E 25
610E 26 *  INITIALIZE *
610E A9 00 LDA $00
6110 85 00 STA ADDR
6112 85 02 STA CNT
6114 A9 20 LDA $20
6116 85 01 STA ADDR
6118 32
6118 33 *  GET A SCREEN BYTE *
6118 34 *  COMPLEMENT & REPLACE *
6118 A2 00 L1: LDX #00
611A A1 00 LDA (ADDRL,X)
611C 49 7F EOR #57F
611E 81 00 STA (ADDRL,X)
6120 39
6120 40 *  ADD 1 TO SCREEN ADDRESS *
6120 18 41          CLC
```

```
6121 A5 00 42          LDA ADDR
6123 69 01 43          ADC #01
6125 85 00 44          STA ADDR
6127 A5 01 45          LDA ADDR
6129 69 00 46          ADC #00
612B 85 01 47          STA ADDR
612D 3A 48         
612D 3A 49 *  FINISHED IF SCREEN *
612D 3A 50 *  ADDRESS = $3FF8 *
612D A5 00 51          LDA ADDR
612F C9 F8 52          CMP #578
6131 F0 03 53          BEQ L2
6133 38 54          SEC
6134 B0 06 55          BCS L3
6136 3A 56         
6136 A5 01 57 L2: LDA ADDR
6138 C9 3F 58          CMP #53F
613A F0 1D 59          BEQ L5
613C 3A 60         
613C 3A 61 *  120 BYTES YET ? *
613C E6 02 62 L3: INC CNT
613E C9 78 63          CMP #578
6140 F0 03 64          BEQ L4
6142 38 65          SEC
6143 B0 D3 66          BCS L1
6145 67         
6145 68 *  RESET BYTE COUNTER *
6145 A9 00 69 L4: LDA #00
6147 85 02 70          STA CNT
6149 71         
6149 72 *  ADD 8 TO ADDRESS TO PASS *
6149 73 *  BY THE 8 UNUSED BYTES *
6149 18 74          CLC
614A A5 00 75          LDA ADDR
614C 69 08 76          ADC #08
614E 85 00 77          STA ADDR
6150 A5 01 78          LDA ADDR
6152 69 00 79          ADC #00
6154 85 01 80          STA ADDR
6156 38 81          SEC
6157 B0 BF 82          BCS L1
6159 83         
6159 84 *  FINISHED *
6159 60 85 L5: RTS
```

--- SUCCESSFUL ASSEMBLY: NO ERRORS

LISTING 2: MIRROR.IMAGE

```

SOURCE FILE MIRROR IMAGE TEXT
0000: 1 .....
0000: 2 .....
0000: 3 * MIRROR.IMAGE .....
0000: 4 * .....
0000: 5 * BY ROD MACKENZIE .....
0000: 6 * COPYRIGHT (C) 1984 .....
0000: 7 * MICROSPARC, INC. ....
0000: 8 * LINCOLN, MA 01773 .....
0000: 9 * .....
0000: 10 * ASSEMBLER: DOS TOOL KIT .....
0000: 11 * .....
0000: 12 * THIS PROGRAM CONSTRUCTS THE .....
0000: 13 * MIRROR IMAGE OF A PICTURE .....
0200: 14 * STORED ON HI-RES PAGE ONE. ....
0000: 15 * THE RESULTING IMAGE WILL .....
0000: 16 * REPLACE THE ORIGINAL. ....
0000: 17 * .....
0000: 18 .....
----- NEXT OBJECT FILE NAME IS MIRROR IMAGE
6000: 19 ORG $6000
6000: 20 ;
P000: 21 STARTL EQU $00
0001: 22 STARTH EQU $01
0002: 23 ENDL EQU $02
0003: 24 ENDH EQU $03
0004: 25 BASEL EQU $04
0005: 26 BASEH EQU $05
0006: 27 CNT1 EQU $06
0007: 28 CNT2 EQU $07
0010: 29 TEMP EQU $10
6000: 30 ;
6000: 31 * SET UP TABLE FOR *
6000: 32 * SUBRTN = FLIP *
6000:A9 01 33 LDA #01
6002:85 08 34 STA $08
6004:A9 02 35 LDA #$02
6006:85 09 36 STA $09
6008:A9 04 37 LDA #$04
600A:85 0A 38 STA $0A
600C:A9 08 39 LDA #$08
600E:85 0B 40 STA $0B
6010:A9 10 41 LDA #$10
6012:85 0C 42 STA $0C
6014:A9 20 43 LDA #$20
6016:85 0D 44 STA $0D
6018:A9 40 45 LDA #$40
601A:85 0E 46 STA $0E
601C:A9 80 47 LDA #$80
601E:85 0F 48 STA $0F
6020: 49 ;
6020: 50 * INITIALIZE *
6020:A9 00 51 LDA #$00
6022:85 04 52 STA BASEL
6024:A9 20 53 LDA #$20
6026:85 05 54 STA BASEH
6028:A9 14 55 LDA #$14
602A:85 06 56 STA CNT1
602C:A9 03 57 LDA #$03
602E:85 07 58 STA CNT2
6030: 59 ;
6030: 60 * CALCULATE START AND END *
6030: 61 * FROM BASEL AND BASEH *
6030:A5 04 62 CALC LDA BASEL
6032:85 00 63 STA STARTL
6034:A5 05 64 LDA BASEH
6036:85 01 65 STA STARTH
6038:18 66 CLC
6039:A5 04 67 LDA BASEL
603B:69 27 68 ADC #$27
603D:85 02 69 STA ENDL
603F:A5 05 70 LDA BASEH
6041:69 00 71 ADC #$00
6043:85 03 72 STA ENDH
6045: 73 ;
6045: 74 * SWITCH AND FLIP BYTES *
6045:A2 00 75 SWITCH LDX #$00
6047:A1 00 76 LDA (STARTL,X)
6049:20 A6 50 77 JSR FLIP
604C:48 78 PHA
604D:A1 02 79 LDA (ENDL,X)
604F:20 A6 50 80 JSR FLIP
6052:81 00 81 STA (STARTL,X)
6054:68 82 PLA
6055:81 02 83 STA (ENDL,X)
6057: 84 ;
6057: 85 * ADD 1 TO START *
6057:18 86 CLC
6058:A5 00 87 LDA STARTL
605A:69 01 88 ADC #$01
605C:85 00 89 STA STARTL
605E:A5 01 90 LDA STARTH

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6060:69 00 91 ADC #$00
6062:85 01 92 STA STARTH
6064: 93 ;
6064: 94 * SUBTRACT 1 FROM END *
6064:38 95 SEC
6065:A5 02 96 LDA ENDL
6067:E9 01 97 SBC #$01
6069:85 02 98 STA ENDL
606B:A5 03 99 LDA ENDH
606D:E9 00 100 SBC #$00
606F:85 03 101 STA ENDH
6071:18 102 CLC
6072: 103 ;
6072: 104 * CNT1=CNT1 - 1 *
6072:C6 06 105 DEC CNT1
6074:D0 CF 106 BNE SWITCH
6076: 107 ;
6076: 108 * RESET CNT1=20 *
6076:A9 14 109 LDA #$14
6078:85 06 110 STA CNT1
607A: 111 ;
607A: 112 * CNT2=CNT2 - 1 *
607A:C6 07 113 DEC CNT2
607C:D0 11 114 BNE ADJBASE
607E: 115 ;
607E: 116 * SKIP THE NEXT 8 BYTES *
607E:18 117 CLC
607F:A5 04 118 LDA BASEL
6081:69 08 119 ADC #$08
6083:85 04 120 STA BASEL
6085:A5 05 121 LDA BASEH
6087:69 00 122 ADC #$00
6089:85 05 123 STA BASEH
608B: 124 ;
608B: 125 * RESET CNT2 *
608B:A9 03 126 LDA #$03
608D:85 07 127 STA CNT2
608F: 128 ;
608F: 129 * ADJUST BASE TO *
608F: 130 * NEXT SCREEN LINE *
608F:18 131 ADJBASE CLC
6090:A5 04 132 LDA BASEL
6092:69 28 133 ADC #$28
6094:85 04 134 STA BASEL
6096:A5 05 135 LDA BASEH
6098:69 00 136 ADC #$00
609A:85 05 137 STA BASEH
609C: 138 ;
609C: 139 * FINISHED YET ? *
609C:A5 05 140 LDA BASEH
609E:C9 40 141 CMP #$40
60A0:F0 03 142 BEQ END
60A2:38 143 SEC
60A3:80 8B 144 BCS CALC
60A5: 145 ;
60A5: 146 * THE END *
60A5:60 147 END RTS
60A6: 148 ;
60A6: 149 * FLIP A BYTE 180 DEGREES *
60A6: 150 * AND THEN SHIFT IT RIGHT *
60A6:A0 00 151 FLIP LDY #$00
60A8:84 10 152 STY TEMP
60AA:24 08 153 BIT0 BIT $08
60AC:F0 08 154 BEQ BIT1
60AE:48 155 PHA
60AF:A5 10 156 LDA TEMP
60B1:09 80 157 ORA #$80
60B3:85 10 158 STA TEMP
60B5:68 159 PLA
60B6:24 09 160 BIT1 BIT $09
60B8:F0 08 161 BEQ BIT2
60BA:48 162 PHA
60BB:A5 10 163 LDA TEMP
60BD:09 40 164 ORA #$40
60BF:85 10 165 STA TEMP
60C1:68 166 PLA
60C2:24 0A 167 BIT2 BIT $0A
60C4:F0 08 168 BEQ BIT3
60C6:48 169 PHA
60C7:A5 10 170 LDA TEMP
60C9:09 20 171 ORA #$20
60CB:85 10 172 STA TEMP
60CD:68 173 PLA
60CE:24 0B 174 BIT3 BIT $0B
60D0:F0 08 175 BEQ BIT4
60D2:48 176 PHA
60D3:A5 10 177 LDA TEMP
60D5:09 10 178 ORA #$10
60D7:85 10 179 STA TEMP
60D9:68 180 PLA
60DA:24 0C 181 BIT4 BIT $0C
60DC:F0 08 182 BEQ BIT5
60DE:48 183 PHA

```

```

60DF A5 10      184      LDA  TEMP
60E1 09 08     185      ORA  #S08
60E3 85 10     186      STA  TEMP
60E5 68        187      PLA
60E6 24 0D     188 BIT5  BIT  $0D
60E8 F0 08     189      BEQ  BIT6
60EA 48        190      PHA
60EB A5 10     191      LDA  TEMP
60ED 09 04     192      ORA  #S04
60EF 85 10     193      STA  TEMP
60F1 68        194      PLA
60F2 24 0E     195 BIT6  BIT  $0E
60F4 F0 08     196      BEQ  BIT7
60F6 48        197      PHA
60F7 A5 10     198      LDA  TEMP
60F9 09 02     199      ORA  #S02
60FB 85 10     200      STA  TEMP
60FD 68        201      PLA
60FE 24 0F     202 BIT7  BIT  $0F
6100 F0 08     203      BEQ  FIN
6102 48        204      PHA
6103 A5 10     205      LDA  TEMP
6105 09 01     206      ORA  #S01
6107 85 10     207      STA  TEMP
6109 68        208      PLA
610A A5 10     209 FIN   LDA  TEMP
610C 4A        210      LSR  A
610D 60        211      RTS

```

*** SUCCESSFUL ASSEMBLY: NO ERRORS

KEY PERFECT 4.0
RUN ON
MIRROR IMAGE

CHECK CODE 3.0

CODE ADDR# - ADDR#

ON: MIRROR IMAGE
TYPE: B

2585 6000 - 604F
2A46 6050 - 609F
2840 60A0 - 60EF
8F98 60F0 - 810D

LENGTH: 010E
CHECKSUM: 73

PROGRAM CHECK IS : 010E

LISTING 3: SPECIAL.EFFECTS

```

10  REM *****
20  REM = SPECIAL EFFECTS =
30  REM = BY ROD MACKENZIE =
40  REM = COPYRIGHT (C) 1984 =
50  REM = BY MICROSPARC, INC =
60  REM = LINCOLN, MA. 01773 =
70  REM *****
80  REM LOAD THE ROUTINES
90  HOME
100 VTAB 12: HTAB 13: FLASH : PRINT "LOADING
    ": NORMAL : PRINT " ROUTINES": VTAB 22:
    PRINT "==" COPYRIGHT 1984 BY MICROSPARC,
    INC. =="
110 PRINT CHR$(4);"BLOAD MIRROR.IMAGE"
120 PRINT CHR$(4);"BLOAD POS.NEG"
130 REM HEADING
140 DEF FN A(X) = INT ((40 - LEN (A$)) /
    2)
150 HOME
160 FOR I = 1 TO 2: READ A$: GOSUB 550: NEXT
    I
170 VTAB 6
180 REM INSTRUCTIONS
190 FOR I = 1 TO 5
200 READ A$: PRINT : PRINT A$
210 NEXT
220 RESTORE
230 A$ = "HIT SPACE BAR TO EXIT GRAPHICS"
240 VTAB 20: GOSUB 550
250 VTAB 22:A$ = "<< ENTER SELECTION PLEASE>
    >"
260 CALL - 958: GOSUB 550
270 REM OBTAIN AND VERIFY SELECTION
280 PRINT "?": GET B$: B = VAL (B$)
290 IF ASC (B$) = 32 THEN TEXT : GOTO 130
300 IF B < 1 OR B > 5 THEN PRINT CHR$(7):
    GOTO 250
310 ON B GOTO 320,380,410,440,470
320 REM LOAD A PICTURE
330 TEXT : HOME
340 VTAB 12: PRINT "NAME OF PICTURE:": INPUT
    PIC$
350 HOME : VTAB 12: FLASH : PRINT "LOADING":
    NORMAL : PRINT " ": PRINT PIC$
360 PRINT CHR$(4);"BLOAD";PIC$;"A$2000"
370 GOTO 130
380 REM VIEW PAGE 1
390 POKE - 16297,0: POKE - 16300,0: POKE -
    16302,0: POKE - 16304,0
400 GOTO 130
410 REM COMPLEMENT THE PICTURE
420 CALL 24846: REM ADDRESS OF POS-NEG = $6
    10E
430 GOTO 130
440 REM MIRROR THE PICTURE
450 CALL 24576: REM ADDRESS OF MIRROR-IMAGE
    = $6000
460 GOTO 130
470 TEXT : HOME : END
480 DATA "HI-RES SPECIAL EFFECTS"
490 DATA "-----": REM 22
    DASHES
500 DATA "1). LOAD A BINARY PICTURE INTO PA
    GE 1"
510 DATA "2). VIEW THE PAGE 1 PICTURE"
520 DATA "3). COMPLEMENT THE PAGE 1 PICTURE
    "
530 DATA "4). MIRROR THE PAGE 1 PICTURE"
540 DATA "5). EXIT PROGRAM"
550 REM SUBRTN. TO PRINT A$
560 PRINT TAB( FN A(X)):A$
570 RETURN

```